

## श्री चित्रा तिरुनाल आयुर्विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान, तिरुवनंतपुरम् -

11

## SREE CHITRA TIRUNAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM—695 011

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION: ACADEMIC SESSION JANUARY 2018

PROGRAMME: DIPLOMA IN CARDIOVASCULAR AND THORACIC / NEURO NURSING

Time: 90 min Max.Marks: 100

(Select the most appropriate answer)

(Each question carries one mark)

- 1. A patient with diabetes mellitus may experience hypoglycemia as well as hyperglycemia. Which one of the following clinical manifestations is commonly seen in hypoglycemia?
  - A. Weight loss
  - B. Nausea, vomiting
  - C. Polyuria
  - D. Diaphoresis
- While giving Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) to an adult, the recommended ratio
  of external chest compression to ventilation in two rescuer CPR as per 2015 American
  Heart Association guidelines is

A. 5:1

B. 30:2

C. 15:2

D. 15:1

- 3. Which one of the following is a **wrong** statement regarding intravenous(IV) fluids/therapy?
  - A. The nurse is ultimately accountable for the drug administered
  - B. Normal saline and 5% dextrose normal saline are isotonic fluids
  - C. Use lower extremity as a last resort for giving IV fluids
  - D. Replace peripheral intravenous catheters only when clinically indicated
- 4. Which one of the following is a normal reflex in infants?
  - A. Romberg's
  - B. Kernig's
  - C. Babinski's
  - D. Homan's

5.	A. B. C.	rsion is a treatment modality in which one of the following arrhythmias?  Ventricular Asystole  Atrial fibrillation  Pulseless Electrical Activity  Pulseless Ventricular Tachycardia
6.	A. B. C.	happen to sugar content of CSF during bacterial meningitis? normal increase decrease no sugar
7.	A. B. C.	e of the following is a <b>wrong</b> statement regarding blood pressure (BP)?  Normal adult BP is <120/80 mm of Hg  A difference of 5-10 mm of Hg between arms is common  Systolic pressure in lower extremities is usually 10 mm of Hg higher than that of upper extremities  Going from a recumbent to a standing position can cause the systolic pressure to rise 10 -15 mm of Hg
8.	A. B. C.	e of the following is a <b>wrong</b> statement in a patient with diabetes mellitus?  Elevated glucose in the blood leads to excess urination  Excess water loss leads to thirst  Cellular breakdown causes loss of sodium ions from cells to urine  Excess water loss carries electrolytes leading to hyponatremia
9.	A. B. C.	age of heparin is regularized by measuring Activated partial thromboplastin time Prothrombin time Bleeding time Clotting time
10	A. B. C.	ne of the following is <b>wrong</b> regarding Furosemide (Lasix)? The onset of action after oral administration is within one hour Furosemide is a potassium sparing diuretic The diuresis lasts about 6-8 hours after oral administration Injection Furosemide is available as 20 mg/ml
11	.The nerv	e involved in Carpal- Tunnel Syndrome is
12	B. C. D.	radial median ulnar femoral g a written informed consent, before a surgery is the responsibility of the
	B. C.	patient duty nurse supervising nurse doctor

<ul> <li>13. The point where the frontal bone meets the parietal bone is called</li> <li>A. Bregma</li> <li>B. Lambda</li> <li>C. Glabella</li> <li>D. Asterion</li> </ul>
14. Uveitis is inflammation involving the
A. ear B. ligament C. eye D. cartilage
<ul> <li>15. What instruction is most appropriate in patient with trigeminal neuralgia to prevent triggering the pain?</li> <li>A. Drink iced foods</li> <li>B. Avoid oral hygiene</li> <li>C. Apply warm compresses</li> <li>D. Chew on the unaffected side</li> </ul>
16. Which one of the following is an early indication of increased intracranial pressure?  A. Widening pulse pressure  B. Decrease in pulse rate  C. Altered sensorium  D. Dilated and fixed pupil
17. Which of the following statements is <b>wrong</b> in bacterial meningitis?  A. Serum Procalcitonin (PCT) level is elevated  B. CSF sugar is elevated  C. CSF opening pressure is elevated  D. CSF protein is elevated
18. The best way to help patients handle anxiety is to  A. reassure them that they will receive the best possible care  B. assist them to talk about their fears and concerns  C. be direct and honest with them  D. limit visitor's time with them
19. Design of the intensive care unit should consider which one of the following?  A. Bright overhead lighting  B. Waiting rooms to keep family members out of the patient's room  C. Thick carpet to muffle sound  D. Soft, calm colors
20.The electrolyte that plays an important role in the coagulation cascade is  A. Vitamin K

B. CalciumC. PotassiumD. Magnesium

A. B. C.	ent claudicatior Peripheral Vas Coronary Arte Interstitial Lun Renal Parencl	ry Disease g Disease	e of			
intravend	22. A patient who has increased intracranial pressure (ICP) has been prescribed intravenous Mannitol. Adverse reactions more commonly reported during or after the infusion of mannitol include all the following except					
В. С.	Pulmonary co Electrolyte im Oliguria Urinary retenti	balance				
A. B. C.	Untreated pair Family visiting	during the evening sl during the evening sl	shift	tributed to		
A. B. C.	sign of shock i Decreased he Decreased blo Increased cap Decreased pu	art rate ood pressure illary refill time	•			
A. B. C.	one of the follow Assessing Ha Testing Gag re Testing orient Checking arm	eflex ation	sessment tests cran	ial nerve function?		
A. B. C.	f the following i Head ache Dyspnea Bradycardia Hypertension	s a side effect of Nitr	oglycerin?			
		ght-year-old child wl heal tube would you		. The child weighs 25		
A.	5.0 mm	B. 5.5 mm	C. 6.0 mm	D. 6.5 mm		
A B C	wave in the EC  Contraction of Repolarisation of Contraction of Contraction (Contraction)  Repolarisation	of ventricles n of Atria n of ventricles				

- 29. A nurse is caring for a patient soon after the evacuation of a subdural hematoma. Which of the following is the priority assessment?
  - A. Acid base balance
  - B. Cranial nerve function
  - C. Oxygen saturation level
  - D. Pupillary response
- 30. Which one of the following intravenous fluids (IV) exerts the same osmotic pressure as that of plasma?
  - A. Ringer lactate
  - B. 0.45% Sodium Chloride
  - C. 5% Dextrose Saline
  - D. 10% Dextrose
- 31. A patient has dyspnea. The nurse positioned him by raising the head of the bed to an upright position at a 90° angle. She also supported the patient's feet with a foot board/used a knee gatch for a short period. This position is known as
  - A. High Fowler's position
  - B. Orthopneic position
  - C. Fowler's position
  - D. Semi Fowler's position
- 32. Number of pairs of cranial nerves in man is
  - A. 33
  - B. 31
  - C. 10
  - D. 12
- 33. Which one of the following is not an indication for urinary catheterisation?
  - A. To relieve acute or chronic urinary retention
  - B. To drain urine pre- operatively or post-operatively
  - C. To determine the amount of residual urine after voiding
  - D. To obtain an uncontaminated urine specimen for culture
- 34. A nurse is providing discharge instructions about digoxin. Which response should a nurse include as a reason for the client to withhold the digoxin?
  - A. Chest pain
  - B. Seeing Halos
  - C. Persistent hiccups
  - D. Increased urinary output
- 35. Which of the following statement about angina pectoris is wrong?
  - A. It is chest pain or discomfort caused by myocardial ischemia
  - B. Occurs when myocardial oxygen demand exceeds the supply
  - C. Occurs because of coronary atherosclerotic heart disease
  - D. Will not occur in patients with normal coronary arteries
- 36. How does Infection in the older adult most commonly present?
  - A. As altered sleep pattern
  - B. As leukocytosis
  - C. As a change in cognition, function, or behavior
  - D. With fever and chills

- 37. What should be the drip rate per minute of an IV fluid to finish 540 ml in 5 hours (1 ml = 15drops)
  - A. 12.5
  - B. 25
  - C. 27
  - D. 50
- 38. Bone loss in hospitalized older adults may be further exacerbated by which one of the following?
  - A. Bed rest
  - B. Dehydration
  - C. Infection
  - D. Delirium
- 39. Physical changes that are not part of the normal aging process include which of the following?
  - A. Reduced sensory perception
  - B. Reduced glomerular filtration rate
  - C Decreased amounts of connective and collagen tissue
  - D. Decreased hemoglobin and hematocrit
- 40. The components of Braden scale for pressure ulcer include all except
  - A. Sensory perception
  - B. Body mass index
  - C. Mobility
  - D. Nutrition
- 41. The maximum volume of air that can be released from the lungs by forceful expiration after deepest inspiration is called
  - A. Vital Capacity
  - B. Total Lung Capacity
  - C. Tidal Volume
  - D. Expiratory reserve volume
- 42. All the following neurological diseases has a surgical treatment option except
  - A. Epilepsy
  - B. Multiple sclerosis
  - C. Hydrocephalus
  - D. Parkinson's disease
- 43. When caring for a patient with Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA), the nurse should wear
  - A. surgical goggles
  - B. rebreather mask
  - C. gown and gloves
  - D. sterile isolation suit
- 44. Serial sputum cultures are typically required for which of the following?
  - A. To test for acid-fast bacilli (AFB) and mycobacteria
  - B. Postoperative productive cough
  - C. Preoperative productive cough
  - D. To test for Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA)

- 45. Tracheobronchial secretions are present in excessive amounts in post thoracotomy patients because of all the following **except** 
  - A. Trauma to the tracheobronchial tree during operation
  - B. Diminished lung ventilation
  - C. Diminished cough reflex
  - D. Diminished air entry / hypoxia
- 46. When a post-operative thoracotomy patient shows anxiety, restlessness and agitation of new onset, the nurse should do all the following **except** 
  - A. Administer SOS sedatives
  - B. Position for comfort and optimal ventilation
  - C. Provide appropriate pain relief
  - D. Encourage splinting of incision
- 47. Which of the following should be the first monitoring device attached to a patient on arrival in the post anesthesia care area?
  - A. Cardiac monitor
  - B. Pulse oximeter
  - C. Noninvasive blood pressure
  - D. Temperature monitoring device
- 48. The nurse is preparing to administer sustained release tablet to a patient. Which statement about sustained release tablet is true?
  - A. They should never be split or crushed or chewed
  - B. They should never be split or crushed, but they may be chewed
  - C. They should never be chewed, but they may be split or crushed
  - D. They may be split, crushed, or chewed
- 49 The coronary arteries get blood supply during
  - A. Ventricular contraction
  - B. Atrial contraction
  - C. Ventricular diastole
  - D. Ventricular systole
- 50. Which of the following is not an effect of Aspirin?
  - A. Stimulates platelet aggregation
  - B. Prophylaxis in patients with coronary artery disease
  - C. Anti-inflammatory
  - D. Anti-pyretic
- 51. Which of the following is wrong regarding Oxygen administration?
  - A. Nasal Cannula cannot deliver Oxygen concentration much higher than 40%
  - B. Simple face mask delivers Oxygen concentration of 40% to 60%
  - C. Nasal cannula is a low-flow system
  - D. Use Petroleum jelly to lubricate nostrils prior to nasal cannula insertion

- 52. To decrease bronchospasm, Salbutamol acts primarily on the
  - A. Alpha receptors
  - B. Btea<sub>1</sub> receptors
  - C. Btea2 receptors
  - D. Delta receptors
- 53. All the following are part of cerebral circulation except
  - A. Vertebral artery
  - B. Internal carotid artery
  - C. Cavernous sinus
  - D. External carotid artery
- 54. The most common cause of a pleural effusion in critically ill patients is
  - A. congestive heart failure
  - B. cirrhosis
  - C. pneumonia
  - D. hemothorax
- 55. Which one of the following pair is wrongly matched?
  - A. Pneumothorax Air
  - B. Pleural effusion Fluid
  - C. Chylothorax Pus
  - D. Hemothorax Blood
- 56. Which of the following statement is wrong regarding 'IV push'?
  - A. Refers to the administration of a medication from a syringe directly into an ongoing IV infusion
  - B. It is given directly into a vein by way of an intermittent access device
  - C. It should be diluted as indicated
  - D. It should be given fast
- 57. Which of the following points should the nurse include about sublingual nitroglycerin when instructing the patient with angina?
  - A. The drug will cause increased urine output.
  - B. Store the tablets in a tight light resistant container.
  - C. Use the tablets only when the pain is very severe.
  - D. The shelf life of NTG is up to 2 years.
- 58. Which one of the following foods can be tried for patients with dysphagia?
  - A. Thin liquids
  - B. Sticky foods
  - C. Thickened juice
  - D. Dry foods
- 59. Which one of the following laboratory value is abnormal?
  - A. Serum creatinine 1.8 mg/dL
  - B. Fasting blood sugar 100 mg/dL
  - C. HDL Cholesterol 52 mg/dL
  - D. Total count 8000/cmm

- 60. The initial blood pressure of a patient with a head injury is 124/80 mm of Hg. As his condition worsens, pulse pressure increases. Which of the following blood pressure readings indicates a pulse pressure greater than the initial pulse pressure?
  - A. 102/60 mm of Hg
  - B. 134/90 mm of Hg
  - C. 140/100 mm of Hg
  - D. 152/90 mm of Hg
- 61. Which of the following phrases best defines heart failure?
  - A. Decreased ejection fraction secondary to myocardial infarction
  - B. Shortness of breath and decreased activity tolerance related to impaired filling and or emptying of the heart
  - C. Shortness of breath and liver congestion associated with high pulmonary pressure
  - D. Dilated cardiomyopathy
- 62. Which laboratory value is most useful in assessing renal function?
  - A. Potassium
  - B. Blood urea nitrogen
  - C. Creatinine
  - D. Uric acid
- 63. Which one of the following is a **wrong** statement regarding assessment of vital signs in older adults?
  - A. The depth of respiration tends to increase with ageing
  - B. The arteries of older adults may feel stiff and knotty
  - C. A properly sized BP cuff is 20% wider than the diameter at the midpoint of the arm
  - D. The accepted norm for oral temperature is  $98.6^{\circ}$  F  $\pm$   $1^{\circ}$  F
- 64. Which one of the following statements regarding insulin is WRONG?
  - A. There are three main groups of insulins: Fast-acting, Intermediate-acting and Long-acting
  - B. It can be injected subcutaneously or given intravenously
  - C. Onset of action of NPH human insulin is faster than regular human insulin
  - D. It can be extracted from beef and pork pancreases, but human insulin can be produced synthetically
- 65. Which one of the following statements regarding the mechanics of breathing is wrong?
  - A. Expiration is an active process
  - B. The diaphragm is the chief muscle of inspiration
  - C. The diaphragm descends toward abdominal cavity during inspiration
  - D. The intrathoracic pressure is below atmospheric pressure during respiration
- 66. Hypokalemia can be caused by all the following except
  - A. Severe vomiting
  - B. Loop diuretics
  - C. Acidosis
  - D. Diarrhea

- 67. Which of the following areas of referred pain is not matching with the corresponding organ?
  - A. Heart: left arm
  - B. Diaphragm: shoulder
  - C. Stomach: epigastrium
  - D. Appendix: left lower abdominal quadrant
- 68. The drug of choice for pain relief for a patient with acute myocardial infarction is
  - A. Aspirin
  - B. Morphine sulphate
  - C. Tramadol
  - D. Diclofenac sodium
- 69. During the removal of a nasogastric tube, the nurse instructs the patient to
  - . A. Inhale slowly
  - B. Exhale slowly
  - C. Take in a deep breath and hold
  - D. Exhale deeply
- 70. The least important cause for pressure ulcer is
  - A. Direct pressure
  - B. Obesity
  - C. Shear
  - D. friction
- 71. Which one of the following risk factors is considered a major controllable risk factor after a myocardial infarction?
  - A. Age
  - B. Obesity
  - C. Excessive alcohol intake
  - D. Stress
- 72. Which of the following is an incorrect technique while administering eyedrops?
  - A. Wipe and clean the eyes from outer to inner canthus
  - B. Hold eye dropper in dominant hand approximately 1-2 cm above conjunctival
  - C. Ask client to lie supine or sit back in chair with head slightly hyperextended
  - D. Ask client to look up toward ceiling
- 73. All the following medicines should be taken before food except
  - A. Thyroxine
  - B. Rifampicin
  - C. Omeprazole
  - D. Diclofenac Sodium

- 74. The standard dose of Epinephrine (Adrenaline) 1:1000 to treat asthma is 0.01 ml per Kilogram of body weight. Which amount of Adrenaline should the nurse administer to a child weighing 10 Kg having asthmatic attack?
  - A. 0.10 ml
  - B. 0.20 ml
  - C. 1 ml
  - D. 2 ml
- 75. Spironolactone (Aldactone) is a/an --- diuretic.
  - A. Osmotic
  - B. Potassium sparing
  - C. Loop
  - D. Thiazide
- 76. Which of the following correctly describes the pain that occurs with pericarditis?
  - A. Pain that worsens with leaning or sitting forward
  - B. Pain that decreases with swallowing
  - C. Abrupt onset of pain that resolves within a few days
  - D. Pain that intensifies with a deep breath
- 77. Normal breath sounds that are heard over the periphery of the lungs are called?
  - A. bronchial
  - B. bronchovesicular
  - C. Vesicular
  - D. rales
- 78. Which of the following statements regarding chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is wrong?
  - A. Inhaled bronchodilators are the gold standard of COPD management
  - B. COPD include Chronic bronchitis, emphysema, and bronchial asthma
  - C. In some patients with COPD low O<sub>2</sub> levels in the blood act as a stimulus for respiration
  - D. Giving a high concentration of supplemental O2 to people who retain CO2 may suppress the hypoxic drive
- 79. Which one of the following statements is correct regarding child cardiopulmonary resuscitation(CPR) according to 2015 guidelines?
  - A. Compress the chest at a rate of 100/min
  - B. The compression depth is 1.5 to 2 cm.
  - C. One rescuer compression ventilation ratio is 30:2
  - D. Airway, breathing, circulation is the sequence of CPR
- 80. Which sensation is not a function of cranial nerves?
  - A. Touch
  - B. Hearing
  - C. Sight
  - D. Smell
- 81. Which clinical manifestation does the nurse assess as a typical reaction to long term phenytoin sodium (Dilantin) therapy?
  - A. Weight gain
  - B. Trouble sleeping
  - C. Swelling gums
  - D. Suicidal tendency

A. B. C.	instructions for a seizure include all the following except Stay calm Time the seizure with a watch or clock Restrain the person during the seizure Do not put anything in the person's mouth
	not a function of oculomotor nerve?
	sight extraocular movements
	upper eyelid elevation
	pupillary response
	on of 300 ml of blood if given at a rate of 15 drops/min will get over by (drop 5gtts/mL)
	4 hours
	5 hours
	6 hours 8 hours
D.	o nodis
A. B. C.	ne of the following is the antidote of heparin? Warfarin Sodium Protamine sulphate Acetylsalicylic acid Atropine sulphate
86. Which of	the following is a <b>wrong</b> statement?
	Battle's sign is medically known as Periorbital ecchymosis
	Raccoon eyes are seen in basal skull fracture
	Periorbital ecchymosis is a sign of basal skull fracture
D.	Trauma is the most common cause of Raccoon eyes
87. The cond	ition of recurrent abnormal and excessive discharges of cerebral neurons is
A.	Epilepsy
	seizure
	Electroencephalogram
D.	Status epilepticus
A.	e of the following is the most common primary brain tumor? Meningioma Astrocytoma

C. Acoustic neuromaD. Pituitary tumor

D. Erythema Nodosum

A. LumbagoB. SciaticaC. Lanugo

89. Which one of the following term is not associated with pain?

- 90. Which one of the following is a **wrong** statement regarding thermoregulation in infants and young children?
  - A. have a large body surface area in proportion to their body mass
  - B. may lose heat very rapidly by conduction, convection, and radiation
  - C. core body temperature is the most accepted form of temperature measurement
  - D. core body temperature can be derived from rectum and tympanic membrane
- 91. Which one of the following is a wrong statement regarding tracheostomy care?
  - A. Normal saline should not be instilled into the tracheostomy
  - B. Maintain cuff pressure between 20 and 25 mm of Hg
  - C. Tracheostomy tapes should be loose enough to permit one finger to fit between the tapes and the neck
  - D. Make only a single wipe with each gauze pad before discarding it
- 92. The nurse is reviewing a patient's arterial blood gas (ABG) report. Which ABG value reflects the base concentration in blood?
  - A. pH
  - B. PaO<sub>2</sub>
  - C. PaCO<sub>2</sub>
  - D. HCO3-
- 93. To calculate body mass index (BMI) divide
  - A. Height in inches by weight in kilogram
  - B. Height in meters squared by weight in kilogram
  - C. Weight in pounds by height in meters squared
  - D. Weight in kilogram by height in meters squared
- 94. Which organ secretes enzymes capable of digesting food in the absence of all other digestive enzymes?
  - A. Salivary gland
  - B. Stomach
  - C. Pancreas
  - D. Liver
- 95. Which one of the following is the best measure to determine long term control of blood sugar in a patient with diabetes mellitus?
  - A. Glucose tolerance test (GTT)
  - B. Fasting blood sugar (FBS)
  - C. Post prandial blood sugar (PPBS)
  - D. Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA<sub>1</sub>C)
- 96. Reflux of gastric contents back into the esophagus is prevented by the
  - A. Effect of gravity
  - B. Lower esophageal sphincter
  - C. Epiglottis
  - D. Pyloric sphincter

- 97. Which one of the following assessment would the nurse perform when assessing an ataxic patient's ability to walk?
  - A. Kernig's test
  - B. Romberg's test
  - C. Mini mental status examination
  - D. Hoffmann's test
- 98. At what rate (microdrop/min) should the nurse start an intravenous infusion if the order is for 1gm of vancomycin to be given in 100 ml of 5% dextrose over an hour? The tubing delivers 60 microdrops/ml.
  - A. 30/min
  - B. 50/min
  - C. 60/min
  - D. 100/min
- 99. The electrocardiographic finding consistent with an acute injury process is the presence of a/an
  - A. 'Q' wave
  - B. inverted 'T' wave
  - C. elevated 'ST' segment
  - D. depressed 'ST' segment
- 100. The nurse is preparing to administer 0.05 mg of Digoxin intravenously. The available concentration is 0.5mg in 2ml. How many milliliters should the nurse administer?
  - A. 0.5 ml
  - B. 0.4 ml
  - C. 0.3 ml
  - D. 0.2 ml