SREE CHITRA TIRUNAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY TRIVANDRUM

Entrance Examination Academic session 2017

PROGRAMME: - PDCC Vascular Surgery

Time: 90 minutes Maximum marks: 100

1.	Grey Turner's sign is classically found in
	A. Acute cholecystitis
	B. Choledocholithiasis

- C. Acute appendicitis
- D. Acute haemorrhagic pancreatitis
- 2. Surgery for periductal mastitis is
 - A. Hadfield's operation
 - B. Patey's mastectomy
 - C. Modified radical mastectomy
 - D. Simple mastectomy
- 3. Most probable maliganancy that develops in a case of long standing goitre is
 - A. Anaplastic Ca
 - B. Papillary Ca
 - C. Medullary Ca
 - D. Follicular Ca
- 4. Screening method for medullary carcinoma thyroid is
 - A. S. calcium
 - B. S. alkaline phosphate
 - C. S. calcitonin
 - D. S. acid phosphatise
- 5. Name of the surgeon who revolutionized surgical practice in 20th century
 - A. Theodor Billroth
 - B. Theodor Kocher
 - C. William Halstead
 - D. John Warren Collins

- 6 Regarding Septic shock, choose incorrect -
 - A high cardiac output with warm peripheries
 - B. lacticacide nia even with catecholamine infusion
 - C. Reduced mitochondrial availability of oxygen and metabolites leads to dysfunction of normal cellular biochemical processs.
 - D. Only >48 hrs of septic shock and lacticacidemia may lead to death
- 7. Choose the incorrect statement about platelets -
 - A. Normal platelet counts renges from 1.5 to 4.0 lakh/mm3
 - B. with counts 40000-100000, trauma or surgery leads to excessive bleeding
 - C. Spontaneous bleeding does not occur below a platelet count of 20000
 - D. Platelet pheresis may be more beneficial than platelet rich plasma in counts < 10000</p>
- 8. Normal serum sodium level being 138-142 mEq/l, Choose the right answer for severe hyponatremia,
 - A. <130mEq
 - B. < 120 mEq
 - C. <110mEq
 - D. <100mEq
- 9. In a patient following GI surgery, below which level of albumin is an indicator of mortality
 - A. <3gm%
 - B. <2gm%
 - C. <2.5gm%
 - D. <1.5gm%
- 10. Identify the inappropriate one in wound healing process
 - A. Inflammation
 - B. Proliferation

C. Maturation	
D. Scar formation	
11. Commonest cause for pyogenic liver abscess is	
A. Aspiration	
B. Hematogenous spread from distant site	
C. Direct contact	
D. Lymphatic spread	
12. Splenectomy is most useful in-	
A. Sickle cell anemia	
B. Thalassemia	
C. Hereditary spherocytosis	
D. Acquired autoimmune haemolytic anemia	
13. Non progressive contraction of esophagus is	
A. Primary	
B. Secondary	
C. Tertiary	
D. Quaternary	
14. Elective surgery is best avoided in which of the following class according to	anesthesia
risk categories	
A. Class 5	
B. Class 3	
C. Class 4	
D. Class 2	
15. Surgical site infections may be predisposed in contaminated wounds to the	extent of
A. a. 1-5%	
B b 3-11%	

- C. c. 10-17%

 D. d. >27%

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- 16. Choose the inappropriate about factors associated with wound dehiscence
 - A. Technical error in fascial planes
 - B. Emergency surgery
 - C. In hospital infection
 - D. Female gender
- 17. Indication for neck exploration is not one of the following
 - A. Expanding hematoma
 - B. Transient ischemic attack following trauma
 - C. External hemorrhage
 - D. Diminished carotid pulse
- 18. Which one is not true about hyperplastic ileocaecal tuberculosis
 - A. Mass in Rt iliac fossa
 - B. Common site is ileo caecal region
 - C. X-ray shows indrawing of caecum from ileum
 - D. Conservative management is treatment of choice
- 19. Peutz Jeghers polyps present most commonly in
 - A. Rectum
 - B. Colon
 - C. Esophagus
 - D. Jejunum
- 20. Borchardt's triad is classically seen in
 - A. Gastric Volvulus
 - B. Choledocholithiasis

C. Carcinoma Pancreas

D. Portal hypertension
21. In case of new born the commonest cause of intestinal obstruction is
A. Annular pancreas
B. Duodenal atresia
C. Jejunal atresia
D. Oesophageal atresia
22. Most common malignancy affecting spleen is
A. Angiosarcoma
B. Hamartoma
C. Secondaries
D. Lymphoma
23. Most common site of opening of ectopic ureter is
A. Prostatic urethra
B. Ejaculatory duct
C. Seminal vesicle
D. Vas-deference
24. Carpal tunnel syndrome characteristically affects which of the following nerves
A. Ulnar nerve
B. Radial nerve
C. Median nerve
D. Brachial nerve
25. Ulcers that develop in burn tissue is
A. Marjolin's
B. Rodent
C. Melanoma

26.	Blood clot.	the size of a	clenched	first is	roughly	equal to

- A. 100ml
- B. 500ml
- C. 750ml
- D. 1000ml

27. Demeester score is golf standard test for evaluation of

- A. Diffuse oesophageal spasm
- B. GERD
- C. Achalasia cardia
- D. Nutcrackeroesophagus

28. Head and neck involvement in burns in infant is

- A. 9%
- B. 18%
- C. 27%
- D. 36%

29. In 3rd degree burns all are seen except

- A. Vesicles are absent
- B. Painful
- C. Leathery skin
- D. Reddish due to Hb infiltration

30. Gastrinoma triangle is bounded by all except

- A. Junction of cystic duct and common bile duct
- B. Second and third part of duodenum
- C. Third and fourth part of duodenum
- D. Junction of head and neck of pancreas

31. Comm	onest injured organ in blast injury is
A .	Lung
В.	Liver
C.	Spleen
D.	Pancreas
	radio opaque except
	Oxalate
В.	Uric acid
C.	Cystine
D.	Mixed
00 T 13	
	dren most common type of polyp is
	Juvenile polyp
	Solitary polyp
C.	Familial polyp
D.	Multiple adenomatous polyp
34 Which	of the following is not a component of Reynold's Pentad in toxic cholangitis?
	Right upper quadrant pain
	Confusion
	Septic shock
	Markedly elevated transaminases
2.	
35. Mucin	ous ascitis is seen in
A .	Stomach Ca
B.	Tuberculosis
C.	Nephrotic syndrome

D. Cirrhosis

36. Most c	common organ involved in retroperitoneal fibrosis is
\mathbf{A} .	Aorta
B.	Ureter
C.	Inferior vena cava

37. Peritoneal mice is

- A. Pseudomyxoma peritomei
- B. Appendices epiploicae

D. Symphathetic plexus

- C. Peritoneal seedings in tumour
- D. Endometriosis
- 38. A 60yrs old smoker presented with history of painless hematuria for one day. The investigation of choice would be
 - A. Urine routine and microscopy
 - B. Plain x-ray KUB
 - C. USG KUB
 - ↓ D. Urine for malignant cytology

- 39. Reactionary hemorrhage occurs with in
 - A. 1-2 days
 - B. 2-7 days
 - C. <24hours
 - D. After 7 days
- 40. Commonest form of actinomycosis is
 - A. Fascio cervical
 - B. Thoracic

C. Right iliac fossa

D. Pleomorphic ademnoma

A. Neurofibroma

B. Lymphoma

45. Most common tumour in posterior mediastinum is

D. Liver

rejecti	on?	
A .	Heart	
В.	Liver	
C.	Lungs	
Ð.	Kidney	
42. Bedso	re is an example of	
A.	Tropical ulcer	٠
В.	Trophic ulcer	
C.	Venous ulcer	
D.	Post thrombotic ulcer	!
43. The co	ommonest clinical pattern of basal cell carcinoma is	
A.	Nodular	
В.	Morpheaform	
C.	Superficial	
Đ.	Keratotic	
44. Most (common neoplasm of parotid gland is-	
A .	Squamous cell carcinoma	
В.	Adenocystic carcinoma	
C .	Mucoepidermoid	!

C. Thymoma
D. Gastroenteric cyst
46. All are seen in pancoast syndrome except
A. Brachial plexus involvement
B. Dyspnoea
C. Clubbing
D. Myasthenia gravis
47. Gleason's staging is done in
A. Ca prostate
B. Ca pancreas
C. Ca kidney
D. Ca cervix
48. Migratory thrombophlebitis is associated with the following malignancies except
A. Lung cancer
B. Prostate cancer
C. Pancreas cancer
D. Gastro-intestinal cancer
49. The commonest site of lymphoma in the gastrointestinal system is
A. Small bowel
B. Colon
C. Stomach
D. Oesophagus
50. Whipples triad is seen in
A. Glucagonoma

B. Insulinoma

C. Somatostatinoma

D. (Ca	pancreas
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	51.	The	cause	of	Type	H	endol	leak
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- A. Tear in the graft fabric
- B. Perigraft flow at the aortic neck
- C. Porosity of graft fabric
- D. Retrograde flow from a patent branch vessel

52. According to CEAP classification, chronic venous insufficiency belong to which class

- A. Class 1
- B. Class 2
- C. Class 3
- D. Class 4

53. Earliest detectable lesion of atherosclerosis is

- A. Fibrous plaques
- B. Subendothelial monocytes
- C. Fatty streak
- D. Intimal smooth muscle deposition

54. The best initial treatment of groin pseudoaneurysm after angiography is

- A. Surgical repair
- B. Ultrasound guided compression
- C. Endovascular stenting
- D. Observation

55. "Herald bleed" is seen in

- A. Aortocaval fistula
- B. Aortoenteric fistula
- C. Intraperitoneal rupture of abdominal aortic aneurysm
- D. Endoleak after endovascular repair of aortic aneurysm

56. Mutation of fibrillin gene coded on chromosome 15 is responsible for which condition? A. Ehler-Danlos syndrome B. Loeys-Dietz syndrome C. Von Recklinhausen syndrome D. Marfan syndrome 57. As per the Crawford classification of thoraco-abdominal aortic aneurysms, an aortic aneurysm extending from just beyond left subclavian artery to aortic bifurcation is? A. Type I B. Type II C. Type III D. Type IV 58. A 32 year old male is diagnosed of acute iliofemoral DVT. What is the ideal line of management? A. Anticoagulation alone B. Systemic thrombolysis C. Catheter-directed thrombolysis D. Venous thrombectomy 59. Which of the following is predominantly involved in Charcots arthropathy? A. Forefoot B. Midfoot C. Hindfoot D. Ankle 60. Neo Aorto-Iliac system (NAIS) is?

A. Use of bilateral femoral veins for reconstruction of aorto-iliac segment

B. Use of prosthetic graft for reconstruction of aorto-iliac segment

C. Use of aortic homograft for reconstruction of aorto-iliac segment

D.	Use of	`covered	stents for	reconstruction	of aorto	-iliac segment
	~~~		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		v. wv	

61.		wavelengths in Endovenous laser ablation	(EVLA) produces the least skin		
	bruising				
	<b>A</b> .	840nm			
	В.	980nm			
	C.	1240nm			
	D.	1470nm			
62.	Which	of these imaging techniques is safest in pa	tients with renal disease?		
	A.	Contrast enhanced CT angiography			
	B.	Carbon dioxide angiography			
	C.	MR angiography using Gadolinium contra	ast		
	D.	Catheter digital subtraction angiography			
63.	Shiyanoya criteria is used for the diagnosis of which arteriopathy?				
	A.	Takayasu's disease			
	В.	Raynaud's disease			
	C.	Buerger's disease	••		
	D.	Behcet's disease			
64.	The right common carotid artery develops from which of the embryological aortic arches?				
	Α.	3 rd arch	Ä		
	В.	4 th arch	ė.		
	C.	5 th arch			
	D.	6 th arch			
65.	A Cim	ino-Brescio-Appel AV fistula is created be	tween:		
	<b>A</b> .	Radial artery and cephalic vein			
	В.	Radial artery and basilic vein			

C. Brachial artery and cephalic vein

- D. Brachial artery and basilic vein
- 66. Which of these thrombophilic states have a higher incidence of arterial thrombosis?
  - A. Protein C deficiency
  - B. Hyperhomocysteinemia
  - C. Factor V Leiden mutation
  - D. Anti-thrombin III deficiency
- 67. What is the universally accepted size threshold for deciding intervention in an asymptomatic abdominal aortic aneurysm?
  - A. 4 cm
  - B. 4.5 cm
  - C. 5 cm
  - D. 5.5 cm
- 68. According to the DeBakey classification of aortic dissections, a aortic dissection with an entry tear in post-subclavian descending thoracic aorta with dissection extending upto the aortic bifurcation is
  - A. Type I
  - B. Type II
  - C. Type IIIA
  - D. Type IIIB

NOBEL

- 69. Who was awarded the noble prize in Vascular Surgery
  - A. Alexis Carrel
  - B. John Gibbons
  - C. Alfred Blalock
  - D. Denten Coooley
- 70. 'String of Beads' sign on angiography is classically seen in which pathology?
  - A. Takayasus arterities

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- B. Thrombo-angitis obliterans
- C. Fibro-muscular dysplasia
- D. Giant cell arteritis
- 71. What is the most common cause of acute mesenteric ischemia?
  - A. Cardio-embolic
  - B. Thrombotic
  - C. Traumatic
  - D. Vaso-spastic (NOMI)
- 72. Arterial injury as a result of blunt trauma is especially likely with which of the following injuries?
  - A. Anterior Shoulder dislocation
  - B. Posterior knee disclocation
  - C. Mid-femoral shaft fracture
  - D. Clavicular fracture
- 73. What is not an indication to place an IVC filter?
  - A. Patient who requires DVT prophylaxis/treatment who has a high risk of internal/external bleeding
  - B. Recurrent VTE on therapeutic anticoagulation
  - C. Patient who required DVT prophylaxis and has developed bleeding complications on anticoagulation
  - D. Chronic ilio-femoral DVT
- 74. Which of the following endovascular technique is not useful as a treatment of chronic total occlusions of the superficial femoral artery?
  - A. Subintimal angioplasty
  - B. Catheter directed thrombolysis
  - C. Directional atherectomy
  - D. Cryoplasty

- 75. Which of the following is not a classical indication to evaluate for renal artery stenosis?
  - A. Requirement of more than 3 antihypertensive drugs for control of hypertension
  - B. Development of renal dysfunction in a 60 year-old diabetic
  - C. Young patient (<30 years) with episodes of 'flash' pulmonary edema
  - D. Increasing serum creatinine on administration of ACE inhibitors
- 76. Shamblin classification is used for?
  - A. Carotid dissections
  - B. Carotid body tumours
  - C. Carotid artery stenosis
  - D. Carotid aneurysms
- 77. What is the recommended treatment for acute uncomplicated type B aortic dissection?
  - A. Open surgical repair
  - B. Endovascular fenestration
  - C. Thoracic endovascular aortic repair (TEVAR)
  - D. Medical management
- 78. Who is credited for performing the first endovascular aneurysm repair (EVAR)?
  - A. Micheal Dake
  - B. Juan Parodi
  - C Charles Dotter
  - D. Thomas Fogarty
- 79. What is Cilastazol?
  - A. Methyl xanthine derivative
  - B. ADP receptor antagonist
  - C. Cyclo-oxygenase (COX) inhibitor
  - D. Phosphodiesterase III inhibitor

- 80. A Juxta-renal abdominal aortic aneurysm is defined as?
  - A. One of the two renal arteries arising from aneurysm
  - B. Both renal arteries arising from aneurysms
  - C. Aneurysm closely abutting but not involving renal ostia
  - D. Aneurysm involving all the viscera-renal arteries
- 81. Which of the following is not a mechanical thrombectomy device?
  - A. Silverhawk
  - B. Angiojet
  - C. Arrow-Trerotola
  - D. Trellis
- 82. May-Thurner-Cockett syndrome is?
  - A. DVT of Left iliac vein due to compression by left iliac artery
  - B. DVT of Right iliac vein due to compression by right iliac artery
  - C. DVT of Left iliac vein due to compression by right iliac artery
  - D. DVT of Right iliac vein due to compression by left iliac artery
- 83. Which among the following is a contraindication to carotid artery stenting
  - A. Previous neck irradiation
  - B. Recurrent stenosis
  - C. High lesions above C2 vertebrae
  - D. Severely angulated Type III aortic arch
- 84. What is the investigation of choice for diagnosing aorto-enteric fistula?
  - A. Barium meal follow-through
  - B. Upper GI endoscopy
  - C. CT angiography
  - D. Tagged RBC scintigraphy
- 85. Which is the most common site of peripheral arterial aneurysms?

	<b>A</b> .	Femoral artery
	В.	Popliteal artery
	C.	Brachial artery
	D.	Subclavian artery
86.	What is	s not a common feature of Takayasu arteritis?
	<b>A</b> .	Female preponderance
	В.	Occlusive lesions of brachio-cephalic vessels
	C.	Elevated ESR
	D.	Intracranial aneurysms
87.	Which	conduit provides the best patency rates for femoro-popliteal bypass grafting?
	A.	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)
	В.	Polyester (Dacron)
	C.	Human umbilical vein graft
	D.	Autologous great saphenous vein
38.	Which	of the following is a direct thrombin inhibitor?
	A.	Dabigatran
	В.	Fondaparinux
	C.	Rivaroxaban
	D.	Dalteparin
89.	What t	he recommended cut-off value of HbA1C to ascertain adequacy of glycemic
	control	in a patient with peripheral vascular disease?
	A.	5.0
	В.	6.0
	C.	7.0
	Д	8.0

- A. Andreas VesaliusB. Ambrose PareC. John HunterD. Joseph Lister
- 91. About Deep vein thrombosis, choose the inappropriate,
  - A. Virchow's triad plays important role in DVT predisposition.
  - B. Trousseau's sign may not be associated with DVT as considered in the past.
  - C. Antithrombin III and protein S deficiency lead to DVT.
  - D. Cancer and paralysis of lower limb(s) have high propensity to develop DVT
- 92. All of the following are randomized controlled trails pertaining to endovascular aneurysm management except
  - A. CREST
  - B. EVAR 1
  - C. DREAM
  - D. OVER
- 93. Stent graft is made of prosthetic material supported by
  - A. Nitinol
  - B. Steel Titanium Alloy
  - C. Platinum
  - D. Carbon
- 94. Ischemic stroke related to carotid artery atherosclerosis, the lesion in found in
  - A. Origin of common carotid artery
  - B. Mid CCA
  - C. Carotid bulb of ICA
  - D. Intracranial cerebral arteries
- 95. Choose the most appropriate treatment in an 80yr old patient presenting with TIA

- A. Carotid endarterectomy
- B. Carotid artery stenting
- C. Excision and vein bypass
- D. Only medical management
- 96. Commonest domain for aneurysm formation of the aorta is
  - A. Thoracic aorta
  - B. Infrarenal abdominal aorta
  - C. Ascending aorta
  - D. Arch of aorta
- 97. The usual presentation of abdominal aortic aneurysm is
  - A. Back ache
  - B. Rupture
  - C. Constipation alternating with diarrhea
  - D. Asymptomatic
- 98. A 40yr old man who is a smoker comes to the surgeon with h/o rest pain and bluish discolouration of little toe. Probable diagnosis would be
  - A. Aortoiliac occlusive disease
  - B. Buerger's disease
  - C. Popliteal entrapment syndrome
  - D. Raynaud's phenomenon
- 99. Following could be the inappropriate modality for peripheral arterial occlusive disease with good distal run off
  - A. Bypass grafting
  - B. Angioplasty with stenting
  - C. Best medical managment
  - D. Lumbar sympathetectomy

- 100. Common cause for recurrence of symptoms following varicose vein therapy is,
  - A. Inappropriate surgical technique
  - B. Perforator incompetence
  - C. Recanalization of veins
  - D. Smoking

## ANSWER KEY - PDCC Vascular Surgery (Academic session 2017)

- 2. A
- 3. D
- 4. C
- 5. C
- 6. D
- 7. C
- 8. B
- 9. D
- 10. D
- 11. B
- 12. C
- IE. C
- 13. C
- 14. B
- 15. C
- 16. D
- 17. B
- 18. D
- 19. D
- 20. A
- 21. B
- 22. D
- 23. A
- 24. C
- 26. B

25. A

- **2**7. B
- 28. B
- 29. B
- 30. C
- 31. A
- 32. B
- 33. A
- 34. D

### 35. A

- 36. B
- 37. B
- 38. C
- 39. C
- 40. A
- 41. D
- 42. B
- 43. A

44. D

- 45. A
- 46. D
- 47. A
- 48. B
- 49. C
- 50. B
- **51.** D
- **52**. D
- 53. C
- 54. B
- 55. B
- 56. D
- 57. B
- 58. C
- 59. B
- 60. A
- 61. D
- 62. B
- 63. C
- 64. A
- 65. A
- 66. B
- 67. D
- **68**. D

- 69. A
- 70. C
- 71. A
- 72. B
- 73. D
- 74. B
- 75. B
- 76. B
- 77. D
- 78. B
- **79**. D
- 80. C
- 81. A
- 82. C
- 83. D
- 84. C
- 85. B

86. D

- 87. D
- 88. A
- 89. C
- 90. B
- 91. B
- 92. A
- 93. A
- 94. C
- 95. A
- 96. B
- **97.** D
- 98. B
- 99. D
- 100. B